

State of Illinois

Illinois Employment Laws **Your Rights Under**

Wage Increases Schedule Effective Jan. 1, 2023 \$13.00 Effective Jan. 1, 2024 \$14.00 Effective Jan. 1, 2025 \$15,00

Minimum Wage \$13.00 per hour (Effective Jan. 1, 2023) and Overtime Hotline: 1-800-478-3998

- Coverage: Applies to employers with 4 or more employees. Domestic workers are covered even and some workers may be paid less than the minimum wage under limited conditions. For more If the employer only has I worker. Certain workers are not covered by the Minimum Wage Law information, visit our website. (See wage increases schedule above.)
- Tipped Employees: Must be paid at least 60% of the applicable minimum wage. If an employee's tips combined with the wages from the employer do not equal the minimum wage, the employer must make up the difference.
- and must be compensated at time and one-haif of their regular pay for hours worked over 40 in a Overtime: Most hourly employees and some salaried employees are covered by the overtime law

Unpaid Wages Hotline: 1-312-793-2808

Wage Payment and Collection Act

- Employees must receive their final compensation, including earned wages, vacation pay,
 - Unauthorized deductions from paychecks are not allowed except as specified by law. commissions and bonuses on their next regularly scheduled payday.
- employee during the scope of employment and related to services performed for the employer. Employee must submit reimbursement request within 30 calendar days unless an employer policy Employers must reimburse employees for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by an allows for additional time to submit.

Meal and Rest Periods Hotline: 1-312-793-2804

One Day Rest in Seven Act

- Provides employees with 24 consecutive hours of rest within every seven (7) consecutive day period.
 - Employers may obtain permits from the Department allowing employees to voluntarily work seven
- Employees working 7 % continuous hours must be allowed a meal period of at least 20 minutes no later than 5 hours after the start of work, and an additional 20 minutes if working a 12 hour shift
- Employees must be afforded reasonable bathroom breaks.

Equal Pay Act Hotline: 1-866-372-4365

- Requires employers to pay equal wages to men and women doing the same or substantially similar work, unless such wage differences are based upon a seniority system, a merit system, or factors other than gender.
- Employers and employment agencies are banned from asking applicants past wage and compensation histories.
- Employees may disclose or discuss their own salaries, benefits, and other compensation with their co-workers and colleagues.
- Employers are not allowed to pay less to African American employees versus a non-African American employees
- Certain employees at large businesses may request wage/salary history for their job title from IDOL.

Violent Crime Victims' Leave

Hotline: 1-866-372-4365

violence, or who have family members who are victims with up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave during a Provides employees who are victims of domestic, gender, or sexual violence, or other crimes of

Child Labor Hotline: 1-800-645-5784

Workers under Age 16

- Children under the age of 14 may not work in most jobs, except under limited conditions
- 14 and 15-year-olds may work if the following requirements are met:
- Employment certificates have been issued by the school district and filed with the Department of Labor confirming that a minor is old enough to work, physically capable to perform the job, and that the job will not interfere with the minor's education;
- The work is not deemed a hazardous occupation (a full listing can be found on our website);
- Work is limited to 3 hours per day on school days, 8 hours per day on non-school days and no more than 6 days or 48 hours per week;
- Work is performed only between the hours of 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. during the school year (7 a.m. to 9 p.m. June through September); and
 - A 30-minute meal period is provided no later than the fifth hour of work

This is a summary of laws that satisfies Illinois Department of Labor posting requirements. For a complete text of the laws, visit our website at:

www.labor.illinois.gov

For more information or to file a complaint, contact us at: 524 South 2nd St, Suite 400, Springfield, IL 62701 • Springfield 217-782-6206 160 N. LaSalle, St, Suite C-1300, Chicago, IL 60601 • Chicago 312-793-2800 • Marion 618-993-7090

THIS POSTER MUST BE DISPLAYED WHERE EMPLOYEES CAN EASILY SEE IT. Printed by the Authority of the State of linear, 100 copies 80202223 LASS-06/23 23 occ35 4830

Victims' Economic Security and Safety Act (VESSA)

Required Posting for Employers

VESSA provides employees who are victims of domestic violence, sexual violence, gender violence, or any other crime of violence, and employees who have a family or household member who is a victim of such violence, with unpaid, job-guaranteed leave; reasonable accommodations; and protections from discrimination and retaliation.

This time may be used if the employee or the employee's family or household member is:

- experiencing an incident of domestic violence, sexual violence, gender violence, or any other crime of violence
- · is recovering from the violence;
- is seeking or receiving medical help, legal assistance (including participation in legal proceedings), counseling, safety planning, or other assistance;
- · temporarily or permanently relocating; or
- to take other actions to increase the safety of the victim from future domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, or to ensure economic security.

NOTICE – Employees must provide the employer with at least 48 hours prior notice, unless providing advance notice is not practicable. If an employee is unable to provide advance notice, an employee must provide notice when an employee is able to do so, within a reasonable period of time after the absence.

CERTIFICATION – An employer may require the employee to provide certification of the domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, and that leave is to address the violence. Certification may include a sworn statement of the employee and other documentation such as a letter from a victims' services organization, a court record, or any other corroborating evidence, but only if that documentation is in the possession of the employee. The employee may choose which documentation to submit. The employer may not require more than one document related to the same incident or perpetrator of violence in one year. All information related to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, is to be kept in the strictest confidence by the employer.

DURATION OF LEAVE – VESSA provides that employees working for an employer with at least 1 employee, but no more than 14 employees, are entitled to a total of 4 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period. Employees working for an employer with at least 15, but no more than 49 employees, are entitled to a total of 8 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period. And employees working for an employer with at least 50 employees are entitled to a total of 12 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period.

Leave permitted during a 12-month period under the act based on number of employees:

Number of employees

1-14 employees
4 weeks
15-49 employees
50 or more employees
Leave may be taken consecutively, intermittently, or on a reduced work schedule basis.

For information on filing a complaint please call: 312-793-6797

or visit the website: https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/vessa.aspx

ACCOMMODATIONS – VESSA provides that employees are entitled to reasonable accommodations to address the needs of the victim(s). Accommodations include, but are not limited to, an adjustment to the job structure, workplace facility, work requirements, or telephone number, seating assignment, or physical security of the work area.

DISCRIMINATION AND RETALIATION – VESSA prohibits employers from discriminating, retaliating, or otherwise treating an employee or job applicant unfavorably if the individual involved:

- · Is or is perceived to be a victim of domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;
- Attended, participated in, prepared for, or requested leave to attend, participate in, or prepare for a criminal or civil court or administrative proceeding relating to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;
- · Requested or took VESSA leave for any reason;
- Requested an accommodation, regardless of whether the accommodation was granted;
- The workplace is disrupted or threatened by the action of a person whom the individual states has committed or threatened to commit domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, against the individual or the individual's family or household member; or
- Exercised any other rights under VESSA.

labor.illinois.gov • DOL.Questions@Illinois.gov

Lincoln Tower Plaza 524 South 2nd Street, Suite 400 Springfield, Illinois 62701 (217) 782-6206 Fax: (217) 782-0596 Michael A Bilandic Building 160 North LaSalle, Suite C-1300 Chicago, Illinois 60601-3150 (312) 793-2800 Regional Office Building 2309 West Main Street, Suite 115 Marion, Illinois 62959 (618) 993-7090 Fax: (618) 993-7258



YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM JOB DISCRIMINATION AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT.



The Illinois Human Rights Act states that you have **the right to be free from unlawful discrimination and sexual harassment**. This means that employers may not treat people differently based on race, age, gender, pregnancy, disability, sexual orientation or any other protected class named in the Act. This applies to all employer actions, including hiring, promotion, discipline and discharge.

REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

You also have the right to reasonable accommodations based on pregnancy and disability. This means you can ask for reasonable changes to your job if needed because you are pregnant or disabled.

RETALIATION

It is also unlawful for employers to treat people differently because they have reported discrimination, participated in an investigation, or helped others exercise their right to complain about discrimination.

REPORT DISCRIMINATION

To report discrimination, you may:

- 1. Contact your employer's human resources or personnel department.
- 2. Contact the Illinois Department of Human Rights (IDHR) to file a charge.
- 3. Call the Illinois Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Helpline at 1-877-236-7703 to talk to someone about your concerns.

Chicago:

James R. Thompson Center

100 West Randolph Street, Suite 10-100

Chicago, IL 60601

(312) 814-6200

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

(312) 814-6251 (Fax)

Springfield:

535 W. Jefferson Street

1st Floor

Springfield, IL 62702

(217) 785-5100

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

(217) 785-5106 (Fax)

Website: www.illinois.gov/dhr Email: IDHR.Intake@illinois.gov

Employers shall make this poster available and display it where employees can readily see it.

This notice is available for download at: www.illinois.gov/dhr





EMPLOYER NOTICE

Under the Illinois Human Rights Act (Act), all workers have the right to employment free from unlawful discrimination or sexual harassment. In Illinois, it is a civil rights violation under Article 2-102(K) of the Act for an employer to fail to include in a posting on the premises, AND in an employee handbook, information concerning the rights of employees to:

- 1 Be free from unlawful discrimination or sexual harassment in the workplace;
- 2 File a charge of discrimination or sexual harassment; and
- 3 Obtain certain reasonable accommodations such as those based on pregnancy and disability.

The required poster is available for download on the Illinois Department of Human Rights' website. The poster includes language suitable for inclusion in an employee handbook.

The poster also includes information on the Illinois Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Helpline, which provides additional resources and information.

Everyone has a right to be free from illegal discrimination and sexual harassment in the workplace and is protected from retaliation for reporting incidents of discrimination, participating in an investigation, or helping others exercise their rights.

IDHR can investigate charges of employment discrimination filed against an employer, public contractor, employment agency, labor organization or union.

For further information, contact IDHR at: Website: www.illinois.gov/dhr

Chicago:

James R. Thompson Center

100 West Randolph Street, Suite 10-100

Chicago, IL 60601

(312) 814-6200

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

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Springfield:

535 W. Jefferson Street

1st Floor

Springfield, IL 62702

(217) 785-5100

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

(217) 785-5106 (Fax)

Illinois Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Helpline 1-877-236-7703 or TTY: 711 Monday to Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. www.illinois.gov/sexualharassment





PREGNANCY and your RIGHTS in the WORKPLACE

Are you pregnant, recovering from childbirth, or do you have a medical or common condition related to pregnancy?

If so, you have the right to:

- Ask your employer for a reasonable accommodation for your pregnancy, such as more frequent bathroom breaks, assistance with heavy work, a private space for expressing milk, or time off to recover from your pregnancy.
- Reject an unsolicited accommodation offered by your employer for your pregnancy.
- Continue working during your pregnancy if a reasonable accommodation is available which would allow you to continue performing your job.

Your employer cannot:

- Discriminate against you because of your pregnancy.
- Retaliate against you because you requested a reasonable accommodation.

PREGNANCY and your RIGHTS in the WORKPLACE

It is illegal for your employer to fire you, refuse to hire you or to refuse to provide you with a reasonable accommodation because of your pregnancy. For more information regarding your rights, download the Illinois Department of Human Rights' fact sheet from our website at www.illinois.gov/dhr

Es ilegal que su empleador la despida, se niegue a contratarla o a proporcionarle una adaptación razonable a causa de su embarazo. Para obtener información sobre el embarazo y sus derechos en el lugar de trabajo en español, visite: www.illinois.gov/dhr



For immediate help or if you have questions regarding your rights.

Call (312) 814-6200 or (217) 785-5100 or (866) 740-3953 (TTY)

CHICAGO OFFICE

100 West Randolph Street, 10th Floor Intake Unit Chicago, IL 60601 (312) 814-6200

SPRINGFIELD OFFICE

222 South College St., Room 101-A Intake Unit Springfield, IL 62704 (217) 785-5100

The charge process may be initiated by completing the form at: http://www.illinois.gov/dhr

WORKERS' COMPENSATION



Is a system of benefits provided by law to most workers who have job-related injuries or illnesses. Benefits are paid for injuries that are caused, in whole or in part, by an employee's work. This may include the aggravation of a pre-existing condition, injuries brought on by the repetitive use of a part of the body, heart attacks, or any other physical problem caused by work. Benefits are paid regardless of fault.

IF YOU HAVE A WORK-RELATED INJURY OR ILLNESS, TAKE THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

- GET MEDICAL ASSISTANCE. By law, your employer must pay for all necessary medical services required
 to cure or relieve the effects of the injury or illness. Where necessary, the employer must also pay for physical, mental, or vocational rehabilitation, within prescribed limits. The employee may choose two physicians,
 surgeons, or hospitals. If the employer notifies you that it has an approved Preferred Provider Program for
 workers' compensation, the PPP counts as one of your two choices of providers.
- NOTIFY YOUR EMPLOYER. You must notify your employer of the accidental injury or illness within 45 days, either orally or in writing. To avoid possible delays, it is recommended the notice also include your name, address, telephone number, Social Security number, and a brief description of the injury or illness.
- 3. LEARN YOUR RIGHTS. Your employer is required by law to report accidents that result in more than three lost work days to the Workers' Compensation Commission. Once the accident is reported, you should receive a handbook that explains the law, benefits, and procedures. If you need a handbook, please call the Commission or go to the Web site.

If you must lose time from work to recover from the injury or illness, you may be entitled to receive weekly payments and necessary medical care until you are able to return to work that is reasonably available to you.

It is against the law for an employer to harass, discharge, refuse to rehire or in any way discriminate against an employee for exercising his or her rights under the Workers' Compensation or Occupational Diseases Acts. If you file a fraudulent claim, you may be penalized under the law.

4. KEEP WITHIN THE TIME LIMITS. Generally, claims must be filed within three years of the injury or disablement from an occupational disease, or within two years of the last workers' compensation payment, whichever is later. Claims for pneumoconiosis, radiological exposure, asbestosis, or similar diseases have special requirements.

Injured workers have the right to reopen their case within 30 months after an award is made if the disability increases, but cases that are resolved by a lump-sum settlement contract approved by the Commission cannot be reopened. Only settlements approved by the Commission are binding.

For more information, go to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission's Web site or call any office:

Toll-free: 866/352-3033 Chicago: 312/814-6611 Peoria: 309/671-3019 Springfield: 217/785-7087 Web site: www.iwcc.il.gov Collinsville: 618/346-3450 Rockford: 815/987-7292 TDD (Deaf): 312/814-2959

BY LAW, EMPLOYERS MUST DISPLAY THIS NOTICE IN A PROMINENT PLACE IN EACH WORKPLACE AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW. Party handling workers' compensation claims FARMINGTON CASUALTY COMPANY Business address THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANIES P.O. BOX 3205 NAPERVILLE, IL 60566-7205 Business phone (800) 238-6225 01-01-24 Effective date Termination date 01-01-23 UB-9J122108-18-43-G Employer's FEIN 760387725 Policy number

ICPN 10/11

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es un sistema de beneficios que por ley se provee a la mayoría de trabajadores que se han enfermado o accidentado en el trabajo. Los beneficios son pagados por lesiones que son causadas en parte o completamente por el trabajo del trabajador. Esto puede incluir el agravante o una condición pre-existente, lesiones causadas por uso repetitivo de una parte del cuerpo, ataques cardiacos, o cualquier otro problema físico causado por el trabajo. Los beneficios son pagados sin importar la causa.

SI USTED SUFRE DE UNA LESION O ENFERMEDAD RELACIONADA AL TRABAJO, USTED DEBE TOMAR LAS SIGUIENTES MEDIDAS:

- 1. OBTENGA AYUDA MEDICA. Por ley, su empleador debe pagar por todos los servicios médicos necesarios que se requieran para aliviar los sintomas de lesión o enfermedad. Si es necesario, el empleador debe pagar por rehabilitación física, mental o profesional dentro de los límites establecidos. El trabajador puede escoger dos doctores, cirujanos u Hospitales. Si el empleador le notifica que tiene un programa de proveedor preferido (PPP) aprobado para la compensación de trabajadores, el PPP cuenta como una de las dos opciones de proveedores.
- NOTIFIQUE A SU EMPLEADOR. Usted debe notificar a su empleador del accidente o enfermedad dentro de 45 días, ya sea por escrito o verbalmente. Para evitar posibles demoras, es recomendable que la nota incluya su nombre, direccion, número telefónico, número de Seguro Social, y una breve descripción de la lesión o enfermedad.
- CONOZCA SUS DERECHOS. Su empleador por ley debe reportar accidentes que resulten en más de tres
 días de ausencia al trabajo, a la Comisión de Compensación para Trabajadores. Una vez que el accidente
 es reportado, usted recibirá un manual que explica la ley, beneficios y procedimientos. Si necesita un manual, por favor llame a la Comisión o visite nuestra red.

Si usted tiene que faltar al trabajo para recuperarse de la lesión o enfermedad, usted tiene derecho a recibir pagos semanales y atención médica necesaria hasta que este capacitado para regresar a trabajar y que el trabajo este de acuerdo a sus capacidades.

Es contra la ley que el empleador moleste, despida o se niegue a reemplear o de alguna manera discrimine contra un trabajador por ejercitar sus derechos de conformidad con las leyes que rigen el seguro de accidentes de trabajo de enfermedades profesionales. Si usted hace una demanda fraudulenta, podrá ser castigado por la ley.

4. MANTENGASE DENTRO DEL LIMITE DE TIEMPO. Usualmente, las quejas deben ser presentadas dentro de los primeros tres años del accidente o incapacidad de una enfermedad profesional, o dentro de dos años del último pago de compensación de trabajo, lo que sea más reciente. Quejas por neumoconiosis, exposición radiológica, asbestos, o enfermedades similares tienen requerimientos especiales.

Los trabajadores accidentados tienen derecho para volver a abrir su caso dentro de 30 meses después que la Comisión haya otorgado una decisión y la incapacidad haya incrementado, pero en casos resueltos por una suma global aprobada por la Comisión no pueden volver a abrirse. Unicamente las decisiones aprobadas por la Comisión son obligatorias.

Para mas información, visite la Red de la Comisión de Compensación para Trabajadores o llame a nuestras oficinas:

Toll-free: 866/352-3033 Chicago: 312/814-6611 Peoria: 309/671-3019 Springfield: 217/785-7087 Web site: www.iwcc.il.gov Collinsville: 618/346-3450 Rockford: 815/987-7292 TDD (Sordo): 312/814-2959

LOS EMPLEADORES DEBEN EXHIBIR ESTE AVISO EN UN LUGAR VISIBLE PARA TODOS LOS TRABAJADORES Y LLENAR LA INFORMACIÓN REFERENTE A LA COMPAÑIA DE SEGUROS.

Nombre: FARMINGTON C.	ASUALTY COMPANY		
Dirección de la Compañía:	THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE P.O. BOX 3205 NAPERVILLE, IL 60566-720		
Teléfono de la Compañía:	(800) 238-6225		
Fecha efectiva:	01-01-23	Fecha de terminación:	01-01-24
Número de Póliza:	UB-9J122108-18-43-G	FEIN del Empleador:	760387725

ICPN 10/11 Impreso por la autoridad del Estado de Illinois.

Illinois Department of Employment Security

TICE to workers about Unemployment Insurance Benefits

THE POSTING OF THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY THE ILLINOIS UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

FILING A CLAIM

The Illinois Unemployment Insurance Act provides for the payment of benefits to eligible unemployed workers and for the collection of employer contributions from liable employers. It is designed to provide living expenses while new employment is sought. Claims should be filed as soon as passible after separation from employment. Claims can be filed online at www.ides.illinois.gov or at the nearest Illinois Department of Employment Security office to the worker's home. To be eligible for benefits, an unemployed individual must be available for work, able to work and actively seeking work and, in addition, must not be disqualified under any provisions of the Illinois Unemployment Insurance Act.

Each employer shall deliver the pamphlet "What Every Worker Should Know About Unemployment Insurance" to each worker separated from employment for an expected duration of seven or more days. The pamphlet shall be delivered to the worker at the time of separation or, if delivery is impracticable, mailed within five days after the date of the separation to the worker's last known address. Pamphlets shall be supplied by the Illinois Department of Employment Security to each employer without cost.

A claimant may also be entitled to receive, in addition to the weekly benefit amount, an allowance for a non-working spouse or a dependent child or children. The allowance is a percentage of the average weekly wage of the claimant in his or her base period. The weekly benefit amount plus any allowance for a dependent make up the total amount payable.

If, during a calendar week an employee does not work full-time because of lack of work, he or she may be eligible for partial benefits if the wages earned in such calendar week are less than his or her weekly benefit amount. For any such week, employers should provide employees with a statement of "low earnings" which should be taken to their Illinois Department of Employment Security office.

NOTE: Illinois unemployment insurance benefits are paid from a trust fund to which only employers contribute. No deductions may be made from the wages of workers for this purpose.

Unemployment insurance information is available from any Illinois Department of Employment Security office. To locate the office nearest you, call 1-800-244-5631 or access the locations though our website at **www.ides.illinois.gov**.

BENEFITS

Every claimant who files a new claim for unemployment insurance benefits must serve an unpaid waiting week for which he has filed and is otherwise eligible.

The claimant's weekly benefit amount is usually a percentage of the worker's average weekly wage. The worker's average weekly wage is computed by dividing the wages paid during the two highest quarters of the base period by 26. The maximum weekly benefit amount is a percentage of the statewide average weekly wage. The minimum weekly benefit amount is \$51. The statewide average weekly wage is calculated each year.

If Your Benefit Year Begins:	Your Base Period Will Be:
This year between:	Last year between:
Jan. 1 and March 31	Jan. 1 and Sept. 30 and the year before between Oct. 1 and Dec. 31
This year between:	Last year between:
April 1 and June 30	Jan. 1 and Dec. 31
This year between:	Last year between:
July 1 and Sept. 30	April 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and March 31
This year between:	Last year between:
Oct. 1 and Dec. 31	July 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and June 30

In order to be monetarily eligible, a claimant must be paid a minimum of \$1,600 during the base period with at least \$440 of that amount being paid outside the highest calendar quarter.

If you have been awarded temporary total disability benefits under a workers' compensation act or other similar acts, or if you only have worked within the last few months, your base period may be determined differently. Contact your local IDES office for more information.

■ REPORTING TIPS

Each employee who receives tips must report these tips to employers on a written statement or on Form UC-51, "Employee's Report of Tips," in duplicate. Employers can furnish this form on request. The report shall be submitted on the day the wages are paid, or not later than the next payday, and shall include the amount of tips received during the pay period.

TAXATION OF BENEFITS

Unemployment insurance benefits are taxable if you are required to file a state or federal income tax return. You may choose to have federal and/or Illinois state income tax withheld from your weekly benefits. Since benefits are not subject to mandatory income tax withholding, if you do not choose to withhold, you may be required to make estimated tax payments using Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 ES and Illinois Department of Revenue Form IL 1040 ES.

For additional information, call these toll-free numbers: Internal Revenue Service 1-800-829-1040. Illinois Department of Revenue 1-800-732-8866.



Emergency Care for

NG CHC

CONSCIOUS VICTI

If victim CAN breathe, cough or make sounds, DO NOT INTERFERE.

Give quick upward thrusts above the belly button and below the ribs until object is forced out, victim can breathe again, or victim becomes unconscious

If victim CANNOT breathe. cough or make sounds, ask if you can help.



UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM -

Send someone to call 911 and get the Automated External Defibrillator (AED). IF YOU ARE ALONE, perform 5 sets of 30 compressions and 2 breaths before leaving to call 911. Follow these steps.



Give 30 compressions pushing down AT LEAST 2 inches on the center of the chest Place one hand on top of the other. Push hard.



Open the airway and check the mouth for objects. Remove the obstructing object only if you see it.



With the airway open, attempt to give TWO breaths. If unsuccessful, return to compressions.

Repeat steps 1, 2 and 3 until victim starts breathing or until emergency medical help arrives.

Illinois Department of Public Health

Emergency Medical Systems and Highway Safety 422 S. 5th St., Third Floor Springfield, IL 62701 • 217-785-2080

Standards for CPR and ECC are consistent with American Heart Association recommendations.

- Have someone call for an ambulance, rescue squad or EMS.
- DO NOT PRACTICE ON PEOPLE. Abdominal thrusts may cause injury.
- Use back blows and chest thrust on infants. Use chest thrust on pregnant women and obese victims.
- For children 1 to 8 years of age, compress at the depth of approximately 2 inches.
- Learn to perform emergency care for choking and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
- For CPR training information, call your local American Heart Association or American Red Cross chapter.



NO SMOKING

Indoors or Within 15 Feet of Entrance



To file a complaint:



www.smoke-free.illinois.gov

866-973-4646

TTY 800-547-0466 (hearing impaired use only)

Smoke-Free Illinois Act 95-0017



CHICAGO OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS

MINIMUM WAGE

SETS MINIMUM WAGE IN CHICAGO (MCC 6-105)

July 1, 2022	Large Employers	Small Employers	Varith Manhana	Tipped Workers		
Effective Date	21 or more employees	4 to 20 employees	Youth Workers	Large	Small	Youth
Min Wage	\$15.40	\$14.50	\$12.00	\$9.24	\$8.70	\$7.20
Overtime Min Wage	\$23.10	\$21.75	\$18.00	\$16.94	\$15.95	\$13.20

All Domestic Workers must receive at least the \$15.40 minimum wage.

If the tipped wage plus tips does not equal the minimum wage, the Employer must make up the difference.



PAID SICK LEAVE

REQUIRES PAID LEAVE FOR MEDICAL OR SAFETY REASONS (MCC 6-105)

Employers must provide Employees with Paid Sick Leave (PSL) to care for themselves or a family member if they work at least 80 hours within any 120-day period.

Earning Leave	Using Leave	Carrying Over
1 hour of PSL for every 40 hours worked (up to 40 hours in a 12- month period) may be accrued.	Up to 40 hours first year (up to 60 hours during the second 12-month period) may be used.	One half of PSL hours can be carried over between 12 month periods (up to 20 hours). In certain cases, up to 40 hours may be carried over.



WAGE THEFT

FORBIDS THE THEFT OF WAGES AND BENEFITS (MCC 6-105)

Wage Theft	Violations and Fines	
 Wage Theft means the non-payment of wages, including paid time off or other paid benefits Employers must pay Employees on time 	 Employees can recoup unpaid wages plus damages Violators may be subject to fines or civil actions 	



HUMAN TRAFFICKING

WORKERS ARE PROTECTED UNDER CHICAGO AND ILLINOIS LAW

If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any activity or forced to work, cannot leave, is having their wages taken, has had their passport or ID taken away, or is being threatened with deportation if they don't work,

Call the National Human Trafficking Hotline 1-888-373-7888 or Text "HELP" to 233733 to access free help and services.

Available at all times in 160 languages and operated by a nongovernmental organization.



FILE A COMPLAINT

Call 311, use the CHI 311 app, or file a Complaint Form at Chicago.gov/LaborStandards.



For further detail, including a full list of exempted Employees, visit Chicago.gov/LaborStandards or contact the Office of Labor Standards at bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org or 312-744-2211.

This Notice must be displayed in a conspicuous place at the place of employment and provided with each Covered Employee's first paycheck. Retaliation is prohibited. Notice effective on July 1, 2022. Last updated June 7, 2022.